AOAC SMPR 2012.009

Standard Method Performance Requirement for Pantothenic Acid in Infant Formula and Adult/ **Pediatric Nutritional Formula**

Intended Use: Global dispute resolution method

1 Applicability

Determination of d-pantothenic acid and pantothenate salts, excluding bound forms, in all forms of infant, adult, and/or pediatric formula (powders, ready-to-feed liquids, and liquid concentrates).

2 Analytical Technique

Any analytical technique that meets the following method performance requirements is acceptable.

3 Definitions

Adult/pediatric formula.—Nutritionally complete, specially formulated food, consumed in liquid form, which may constitute the sole source of nourishment [AOAC Stakeholder Panel on Infant Formula and Adult Nutritionals (SPIFAN); 2010], made from any combination of milk, soy, rice, whey, hydrolyzed protein, starch, and amino acids, with and without intact protein.

Infant formula.—Breast-milk substitute specially manufactured to satisfy, by itself, the nutritional requirements of infants during the first months of life up to the introduction of appropriate complementary feeding (Codex Standard 72-1981), made from any combination of milk, soy, rice, whey, hydrolyzed protein, starch, and amino acids, with and without intact protein.

Limit of detection (LOD).—The minimum concentration or mass of analyte that can be detected in a given matrix with no greater than 5% false-positive risk and 5% false-negative risk.

Limit of quantitation (LOQ).—The minimum concentration or mass of analyte in a given matrix that can be reported as a quantitative result.

Pantothenic acid 3-[(2,4-dihydroxy-3,3-dimethylbutanoyl)amino] propanoic acid (also known as vitamin B_s).—CAS No. 79-83-4.

Repeatability.—Variation arising when all efforts are made to keep conditions constant by using the same instrument and operator, and repeating during a short time period. Expressed as the repeatability standard deviation (SD₂); or % repeatability relative standard deviation (%RSD).

Reproducibility.—The standard deviation or relative standard deviation calculated from among-laboratory data. Expressed as

Table 1. Method performance requirements ^a		
Analytical range	50–2300 ^b	
Limit of quantitation (LOQ)	≤50 ^b	
Repeatability (RSD _r)	50–2300 ^b	≤5%
Recovery	90 to 110% of mean spiked recovery over the range of the assay	
Reproducibility (RSD _R)	50–2300 ^b	≤15%
Concentrations apply to: (1) "ready-to-feed" liquids "as is"; (2) reconstituted powders (25 g into 200 g water); and (3) liquid		

concentrates diluted 1:1 by weight.

the reproducibility standard deviation (SD_p); or % reproducibility relative standard deviation (%RSD_R).

Recovery.—The fraction or percentage of spiked analyte that is recovered when the test sample is analyzed using the entire method.

4 Method Performance Requirements

See Table 1.

5 System Suitability Tests and/or Analytical Quality Control

Suitable methods will include blank check samples, and check standards at the lowest point and midrange point of the analytical range.

6 Reference Material(s)

NIST Standard Reference Material® (SRM) 1849a Infant/Adult Nutritional Formula, or equivalent. The SRM is a milk-based, hybrid infant/adult nutritional powder prepared by a manufacturer of infant formula and adult nutritional products. A unit of SRM 1849a consists of 10 packets, each containing approximately 10 g of material. Certified value of NIST 1849a is 68.2 ± 1.9 mg/kg pantothenic acid.

7 Validation Guidance

Recommended level of validation: Official Methods of AnalysisSM.

8 Maximum Time-to-Result

No maximum time.

Approved by the AOAC Stakeholder Panel on Infant Formula and Adult Nutritionals (SPIFAN) on September 29, 2012. Final Version Date: September 29, 2012.

mcg/100 g reconstituted final product.